## FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

CALVIN T. HAMMOCK MABEL A. HAMMOCK

Claim No.CU-0302

Decision No.CU 4287

Under the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended

## PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Cuba, under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of \$15,555.95 as amended, was presented by CALVIN T. HAMMOCK and MABEL A. HAMMOCK, based upon the asserted ownership and loss of an interest in land and the loss of certain personal property consisting of household furnishings and personal effects. Claimant, CALVIN T. HAMMOCK, has been a national of the United States since his birth in the United States. Claimant, MABEL A. HAMMOCK, has been a national of the United States since her naturalization in 1952.

Under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 [78 Stat. 1110 (1964), 22 U.S.C. §§1643-1643k (1964), as amended, 79 Stat. 988 (1965)], the Commission is given jurisdiction over claims of nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba. Section 503(a) of the Act provides that the Commission shall receive and determine in accordance with applicable substantive law, including international law, the amount and validity of claims by nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba arising since January 1, 1959 for

losses resulting from the nationalization, expropriation, intervention or other taking of, or special measures directed against, property including any rights or interests therein owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly at the time by nationals of the United States.

Section 504 of the Act provides, as to ownership of claims, that

(a) A claim shall not be considered under Section 503(a) of this title unless the property on which the claim was based was owned wholly or partially, directly, or indirectly by a national of the United States on the date of the loss and if considered shall be considered only to the extent the claim has been held by one or more nationals of the United States continuously thereafter until the date of filing with the Commission.

Section 502(1) of the Act defines the term "national of the United States" as "(A) a natural person who is a citizen of the United States."

The term does not include aliens.

Section 502(3) of the Act provides:

The term 'property' means any property, right, or interest including any leasehold interest, and debts owed by the Government of Cuba or by enterprises which have been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba and debts which are a charge on property which has been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba.

Claimants contend that they have lost an investment of \$5,000.00 in real property located in Cuba. In support thereof, claimants submitted two sales agreements dated February 11, 1952 whereby claimants, CALVIN T. HAMMOCK and MABEL A. HAMMOCK, purchased Lots No. 31 and 32 of Glock 17 the Residencial Almendares, Arroyo Naranja, Havana.

On the basis of the entire record, the Commission finds that claimants were the owners of the aforesaid Lots 31 and 32; as well as of certain personal property.

On December 6, 1961, the Cuban Government published its Law 989 (Official Gazette, XXIII, No. 237, p. 23705) which confiscated all assets, personal property and real estate, rights, shares, stocks, bonds and securities of persons who had left the country.

The Commission finds that the subject real property and certain personal property was taken from claimants by the Government of Cuba on December 6, 1961, pursuant to the provisions of Law 989.

Based on the entire record, the Commission finds that the undeveloped land had a value of \$5,000.00 and the Commission concludes that claimants suffered a loss in that amount within the meaning of Title V of the Act.

Claimants have submitted an itemized list of personalty with dates of purchase and price paid. After consideration of this list and application of appropriate depreciation, the Commission finds that this personalty had a fair and reasonable value of \$11,052.00 on the date of taking by the Government of Cuba.

The Commission has decided that in certification of losses on claims determined pursuant to Title V of the International Claims

Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, interest should be included at the rate of 6% per annum from the date of loss to the date of settlement (see the Claim of Lisle Corporation, FCSC Claim No. CU-0644), and in the instant case it is so ordered.

## CERTIFICATION OF LOSS

The Commission certifies that CALVIN T. HAMMOCK and MABEL A.

HAMMOCK suffered a loss, as a result of actions of the Government of

Coba, within the scope of Title V of the International Claims Settle
ment Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of Sixteen Thousand

Fifty-Two Dollars (\$16,052.00) with interest thereon at 6% per annum

from December 6, 1961 to the date of settlement.

Dated at Washington, D. C., and entered as the Proposed Decision of the Commission

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The statute <u>does</u> not provide for the payment of claims against the Government of Cuba. Provision is only made for the determination by the Commission of the validity and amounts of such claims. Section 501 of the statute specifically precludes any authorization for appropriations for payment of these claims. The Commission is required to certify its findings to the Secretary of State for possible use in future negotiations with the Government of Cuba.

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 40 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g), as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)